## 2022 National FFA Forestry CDE Knowledge Exam B

- 1. Pick the correct definition of habitat structure?
  - a. Characteristics of the natural environment such as sunlight, temperature, moisture, and wind
  - b. Physical characteristics of the natural environment, such as how many
  - er

	c. The shrubs, young trees, and plants near the forest floor d. Animal or plant species that live in areas that have just had a large disturbance that removed much of the canopy, such as an extreme weather event like a windstorm or a clear-cut timber harvest
2.	What job title is being described?  A(n) Samples water from a stream to make sure that it is safe.  a. Volunteer  b. Naturalist  c. Ecologist  d. Logger
3.	<ul> <li>What word matches this definition?</li> <li>The amount of sky obscured by the leaves and branches of the top layer of trees in the forest, measured as a percent.</li> <li>a. Clear cut</li> <li>b. Early successional</li> <li>c. Ground cover</li> <li>d. Canopy cover</li> </ul>
4.	The trunk of a tree is considered which of the following?
	a. Internode c. Crown
	b. Bole d. Root
5.	<ul> <li>Which of the following is false about cambium cells?</li> <li>a. Cambium cells live between wood and bark cells and are visible only with a magnifying glass</li> <li>b. Cambium growth widens tree trunks, limbs, and roots</li> <li>c. Cambium cells divide forming wood cells toward the center of the tree and bark cells toward the outside</li> <li>d. Cambium cells carry food made in the leaves to the twigs, branches, trunk, and roots</li> </ul>
6.	Which of the following is not an artificial reproductive method?  a. Pruning b. Budding and Grafting c. Cuttings d. All of the above are artificial reproductive methods
7.	Oxygenic photosynthesis occurs in the located in the plant cell and absorbs blue and red wavelengths of lights.

a. Mitochondrion

- b. Golgi Apparatus
- c. Nucleus
- d. Chloroplast

8.	living of within a. b. c.	parenchyma cells originate from the forming a network of cells around the tree. They transport sugars (food) to the parenchyma cells the growth ring, and they store starch.  Heartwood Cambium Sapwood Seriate
9.	a. b. c.	sinus Margin Apex Midrib
10.	a. b. c.	species of wood can be used to produce ax handles? Sycamore White Birch Bald Cypress Hickory
11.	a. b. c.	of the following statements is not true about monocots?  Monocot seeds have one cotyledon.  Monocot flower parts come in multiples of 4 and 5.  Monocot leaves have parallel venation.  Monocots have scattered vascular bundles in the stem.
12.	a. b. c.	of the following is an accurate portrayal of the stages of succession? Annual weeds, perennials, shrubs, young trees Annual weeds, shrubs, perennials, young trees Annual weeds, young trees, shrubs, perennials Perennials, annual weeds, shrubs, young trees
13.	forest a. b. c.	is NOT a function of those plants growing next to the stream in a riparian buffer? Slow surface water runoff from farm fields converting concentrated flow to sheet flow. Reduce velocity of over-the-bank floodwaters. Shade the stream and moderate water temperatures. Storage and breakdown of NPS pollutants.
14.	the log	rule for scaling logs takes into account the amount of wood in the taper of from the small end to the large end?  Scribner  C. International Doyle  d. None of them
15.	the inf a. b. c.	is an obligate parasite, and while trees usually do not die from estation, their growth is restricted. Slime Flux Rust Nematode Heart Rot

<ul> <li>16. A is formed through meiosis co original chromosome pair.</li> <li>a. Haploid cell</li> <li>b. Diploid cell</li> <li>c. Tetrad cell</li> <li>d. Mother cell</li> </ul>	nsisting of one chromatid from each
<ul> <li>17. Which of the following does not influent</li> <li>a. Amount of organic matter</li> <li>b. Drainage of the soil</li> <li>c. Minerals in the soil</li> <li>d. Amount of silt</li> </ul>	ace the color of soil?
<ul> <li>18 include damage caused to trees and other conditions, they are not control of trees in an area.</li> <li>a. Abiotic diseases</li> <li>b. Biotic diseases</li> <li>c. Fungus</li> <li>d. Parasites</li> </ul>	by conditions such as drought, heat, cold agious, but they may affect a large number
<ul> <li>19. When felling a tree with a chainsaw the</li> <li>a. is placed below the undercut</li> <li>b. should be placed on the same level</li> <li>c. should be level with the bottom</li> <li>d. should cut straight through the respective to the same level</li> </ul>	vel as the undercut of the open face notch
20. How many square feet are in 5.5 acres?  a. 425,000 b. 243,560 c. 187,120 d. 239,580	
21. Mr. Fletcher plans to plant 50 acres of 1 intervals. How many seedlings per acre a. 96 b. 432 c. 454 d. 545	
22. If the male and female flower parts occurs the species is said to be a. Dioecious b. Monoecious	
23. What is the form class of a tree 24 inches bark at the top of the first 16-foot log?  a. 75 b075 c. 1.33 d. 133	es in dbh and 18 inches in diameter inside

24. Length of darkness influences plant growth. This is known as
a. Geotropism b. Thermotropism
c. Photoperiodism
d. Light Intensity
25. For which of the following would an insecticide be used?  a. Aphid  b. Slime Flux c. Heart Rot
d. Nematode
26. In the rectangular survey system developed by Thomas Jefferson, run north to south.  a. Principal Meridians b. Primary Meridians c. Secondary Meridians d. Guide Meridians
27. How many board feet are present in 20 boards 5/4 inches thick, 12 inches wide, and 144 inches long?  a. 24 b. 300 c. 3600 d. 240
is a lengthwise separation of the wood, which usually extends across the rings of annual growth, commonly resulting from stresses set up in wood during seasoning.  a. Cant b. Catface c. Check d. Conk
29. You tally 8 trees using a 10 factor wedge prism within a plot. What is the basal area in square feet per acre of the trees around that point?
a. 0.8 b. 8 c. 80 d. 10
a. 0.8 b. 8 c. 80

32. Assume that a cord of firewood costs \$150, how much would a stack of wood measuring 4' x 4' x 14' cost?  a. \$75 b. \$150 c. \$263 d. \$450
<ul> <li>33. The best planting method for waterlogged soils is</li> <li>a. Pit planting</li> <li>b. Mound planting</li> <li>c. Berm planting</li> <li>d. Dibble planting</li> </ul>
34. Opposite of succession is called:  a. Secondary succession b. Tertiary succession c. Retention d. Retrogression
35. Which of the following is the correct way to write a legal description of a land Parcel:  a. S 16, T4N, R2E, NE 1/4 of SE ½  b. R2E, S16, T4N, NW 1/4 of SW ½  c. NW 1/4 of SW 1/4, S16, T4N, R2E  d. NE 1/4 of Se 1/4, R2E, T4N, S16
<ul> <li>36. A method of natural control of forest insect pests include(s):</li> <li>a. allowing predators of the insect to control them</li> <li>b. logging the infested tree</li> <li>c. spraying with insecticide after the trees are felled</li> <li>d. none of the above</li> </ul>
37. The distinctive feature of topographic maps is the  a. location of forest land  b. location of landmarks  c. location of roads and waterways  d. shape or contour of the land
38. The use of a counter (back) fire is what type of forest fire control?  a. Direct b. Indirect d. Triangulation
39. The decline in value of a fixed asset due to wear and tear from use is called: <ul> <li>a. Declination</li> <li>b. Depletion</li> <li>c. Depreciation</li> <li>d. Diminishing returns</li> </ul>
40.On a topographic map which of the following is a dark, heavy line with an elevation figure?  a. contour index b. contour interval c. contour line d. horizontal control station

<ul> <li>41. An azimuth reading of 196 degrees would convert to a bearing of</li> <li>a. 96 degrees south</li> <li>b. 196 degrees SW</li> <li>c. S 16 degrees W</li> <li>d. 16 degrees SW</li> </ul>
42. Merchantable height is that height from the stump to  a. a specified minimum top diameter b. half-way between the first branch and the top of the tree c. that point which is 2/3 the total height of the tree d. the very top of the tree
<ul> <li>43. Light distribution can affect tree form, resulting in</li> <li>a. greater development of the tree on the side exposed to the most sunlight</li> <li>b. less growth on the side of the tree exposed to the most sunlight</li> <li>c. a tall, spindly tree because of exposure to the sun</li> <li>d. a short, overtopped tree because of exposure to the sun</li> </ul>
44. Seed formation depends on the amount of reserve and nitrogenous materials in a tree.  a. Fatty acids b. Carbohydrates c. Proteins and amino acids d. Oxygen
45. The term is used to describe the physical expression of an inherited tree trait that can be measured and observed.  a. Genotype b. genetic map c. physical map d. phenotype
46. The damage done by the gypsy moth is when it is in the stage.  a. Adult b. Pupae c. Egg d. Larva
47. Adult insects have 6 legs, adult mites have legs. a. 2 b. 4 c. 6 d. 8
48. Abnormal growth on trees that is caused by insects or mites is often called  a. Galls b. Conks c. Whirls d. Scales

49. How r	nany acres are in an area 25 chains long by 20 chains wide?
a.	.5 acres
b.	5 acres
c.	50 acres
d.	500 acres
	are planted along city streets to help increase
a.	gas removal and particulate collection
b.	summer air temperatures
c.	temperatures of sidewalks and road surfaces
d.	wind velocity

## 2022 National FFA Forestry CDE Knowledge Exam B Answer Key

2. C

3. D

4. B

5. D

6. A

7. D

8. B

9. A

10. D

11. B

12. A

13. A

14. C

15. B

16. A

17. D

18. A

19. C

20.D

21. D

22.B

23.A

24.C

25.A

26.A

27. B

28.C

29.C

30.A

31. C

32.C

33.B

34. D

35. C

36.A

37. D

38.B 39.C

40.A 41. C

42.A

43.A

44.B

45. D

46.D

47. D 48.A

49.C

50.A